

CloudMIP & RECS

Production-grade and R&D open-source cloud platforms

<http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr>

Pr. Jean-Marc Pierson / IRIT

Dr. François Thiebolt / IRIT

{pierson, thiebolt}@irit.fr



*Photo: The CloudMIP platform
DTSI hosted | UPS Toulouse 3*



- The SEPIA team,
- The CloudMIP platform | overview,
- Inside CloudMIP | network, monitoring ...,
- GreenIT | power metering @ node/VM level, ongoing researches,
- CloudMIP use cases | FG-VMDirac, FG-Cloud challenge, others ...
- [R&D] The RECS platform (FP7 CoolEmAll) | overview,
- What's next ?

The SEPIA team (IRIT: Pr Jean-Marc Pierson / N7: Pr Daniel Hagimont) mainly focuses on GreenIT, autonomic and distributed systems.

10 permanents (4 Pr, 6 MCF, 1 Dr-engineer)

2 engineers, 1 post-doc,
2 associated researchers,
16 PhD students.

CoolEmAll (FP7),
SVC (Grand Emprunt),
SOP and Control Green (ANR).

Toulouse platforms (Pr JM Pierson):

- Grid5000-Toulouse (560),
- GridMIP (128),
- CloudMIP (256),
- RECS2.0 (72) / 1U.

Pau platform (Pr P. Congduc):

- PireCloud (128).

SSTA axis platforms (Pr MP Gleizes):

- Amilab,
- neOCampus

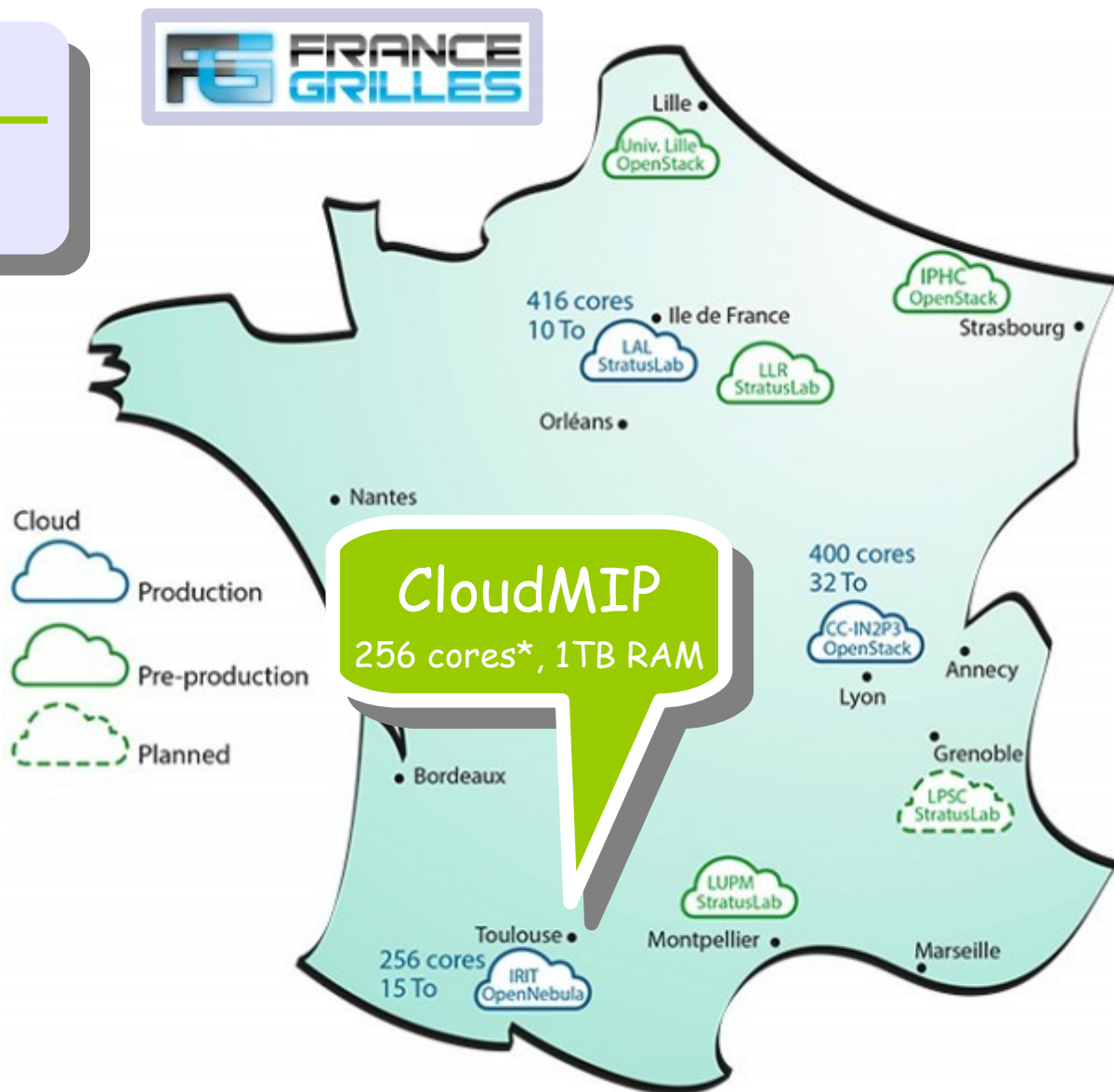
(number of cores)

Data Nov. 2013

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Cloud initiative @ France-Grilles

- Inter-Cloud experimental testbed



**physical cores and 512 cores with hyper-threading activated.*

The CloudMIP platform

Facts and resources

- Funded by France-Grilles (100k€), installed in 2012,
- Who : Pr Jean-Marc Pierson (manager), Dr François Thiebolt, DTSI Network team,
- Location : Toulouse 3 university's Data Center,
- Taskforce : 1 Dr-engineer (30%) ↘, 1 engineer (soon --maybe),
- Fluids consumption annual cost (est.) : between 4k€ and 10k€,
- Status: [production](#),

2 x Dell M1000e 16 blades



Hardware, system, middleware ...

- 2 x Dell M1000e chassis each filled with 16 blades ➡ 256 **physical** cores, 1TB RAM, 15TB disk,
- System : Scientific Linux 6.5 x86_64,
- **OpenNebula** 4.4.1 (Cloud-Init and spice support) with **KVM** hypervisor and **CIMI*** api (DeltaCloud),
- OpenNebula GUI **Sunstone**,
- **Zabbix** monitoring.

+ power monitoring + seconds to launch a hundred of multi-Gb VMs + open-source software

* *Cloud Infrastructure Management Interface – DMTF standard*

... additional details

- Wiki → <http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr/>
- Monitoring → <http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr/zabbix> login : *green*, passwd : *cloudmip*
- GUI → <http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr:11000>
- Deltacloud → <http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr:10998>
- 32 blades (8 cores @ 2.4Ghz, 32GB ram, 2 x 146GB SAS 15ktpm RAID0),
 ➡ means upto 256 Amazon M3.medium instances (1 **physical** dedicated CPU and 4GB ram)
- OpenNebula 4.4.1 (KVM) with Qcow2 delta images to speedup deployment,
 ➡ a hundred of VMs in just a few seconds :)
- 1s resolution power monitoring of nodes,
- A 48TB, >500MB/s NFS server shared across G5K/MIP/Cloud,
 is a SunFire x4500 featuring SL62 and zfs filesystem,
 CloudMIP benefits of a dedicated 2 x Gigabit Ethernet LACP link.

... additional details

- Ways for users to access their VMs from the Internet :
 - ▶ ssh, vpn, spice display forwarding (automatic : **todo**), Sunstone GUI (**done**),
 - ▶ #1000 ports on the front-end node dedicated to routing (**done**),
 - ▶ #60 dedicated public IPs (**done**) with dynamic routing (manual : **done**, auto : **todo**).

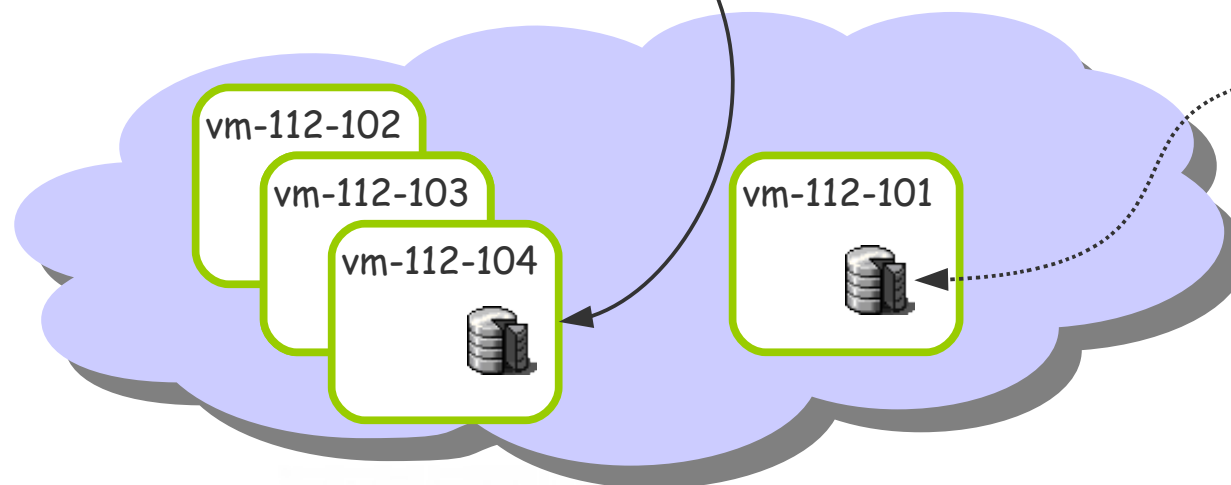


The CloudMIP platform

► Pool of public IP to CloudMIP*

195.220.53.1
195.220.53.2
|||||
195.220.53.57

*subnet 195.220.53.0/26



nfs.cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr

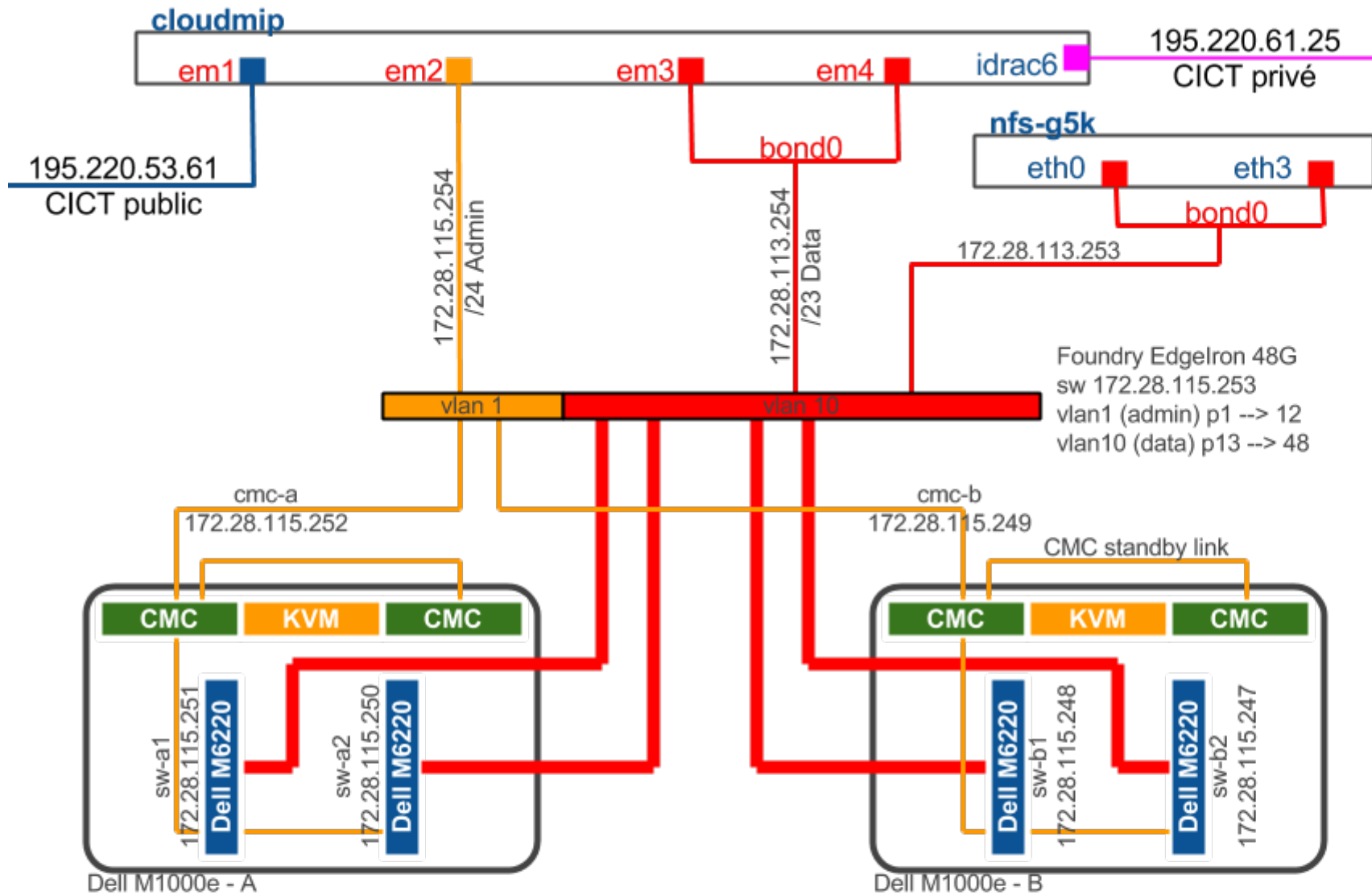


wn[1..32].cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr



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Network



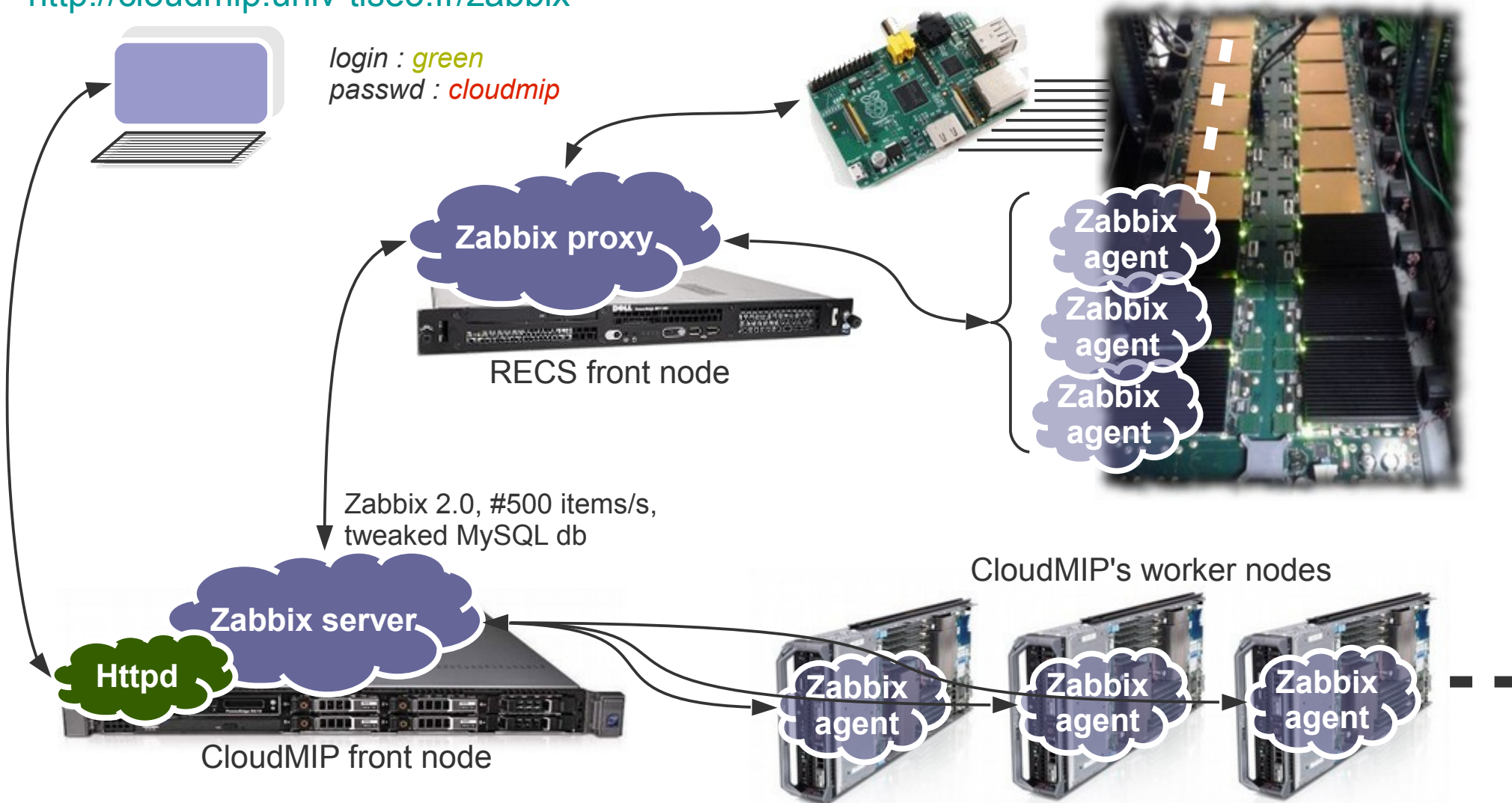
Monitoring

<http://cloudmip.univ-tlse3.fr/zabbix>

login : **green**
passwd : **cloudmip**

RPi + 12 x I2C T° sensors

RECS nodes



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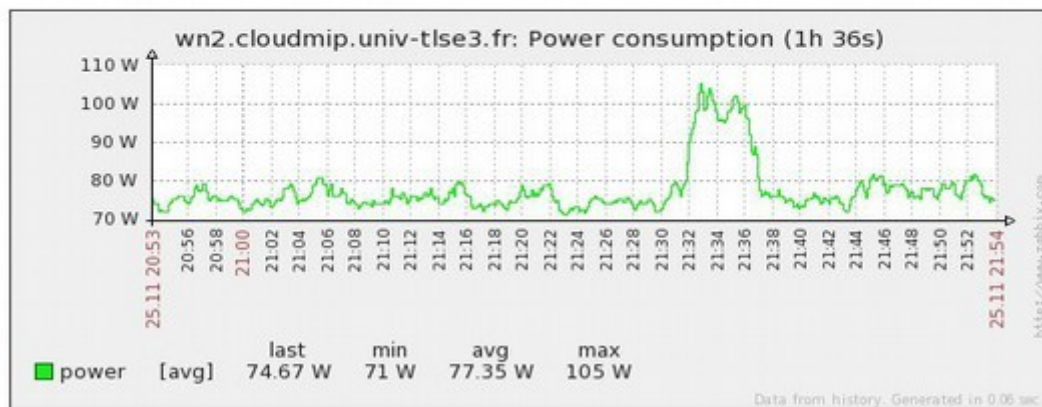
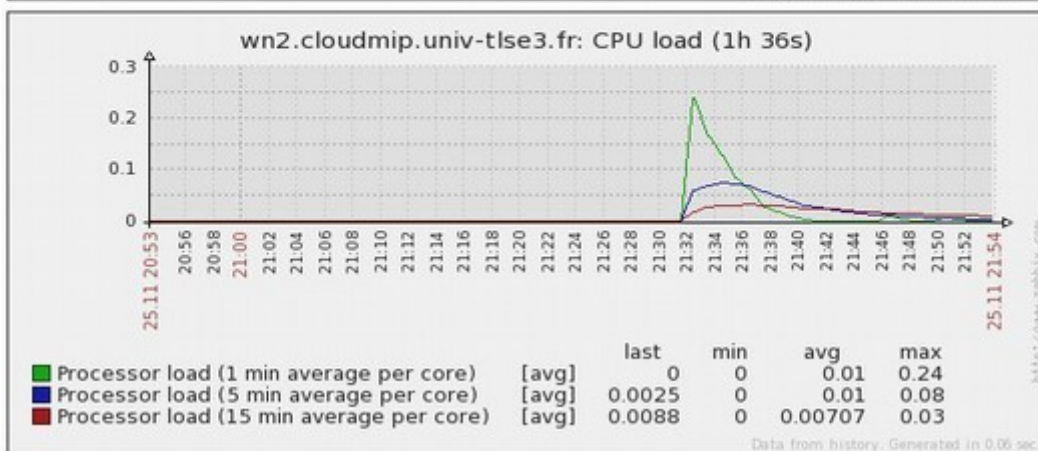
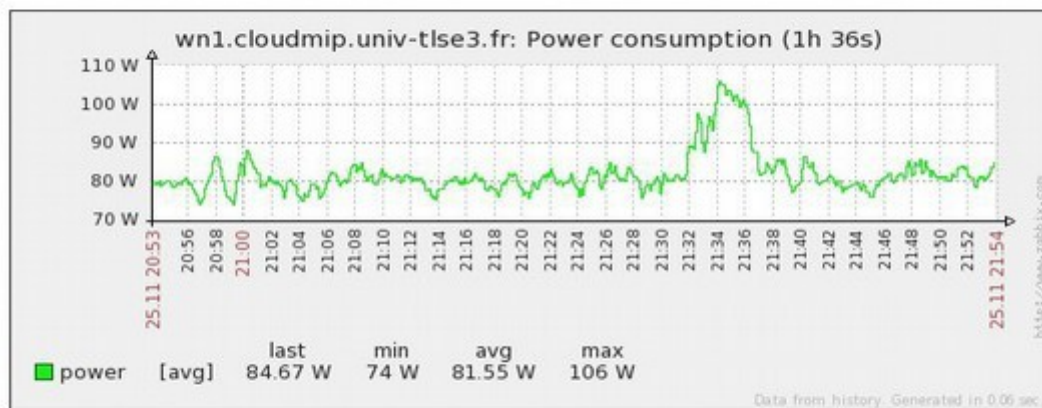
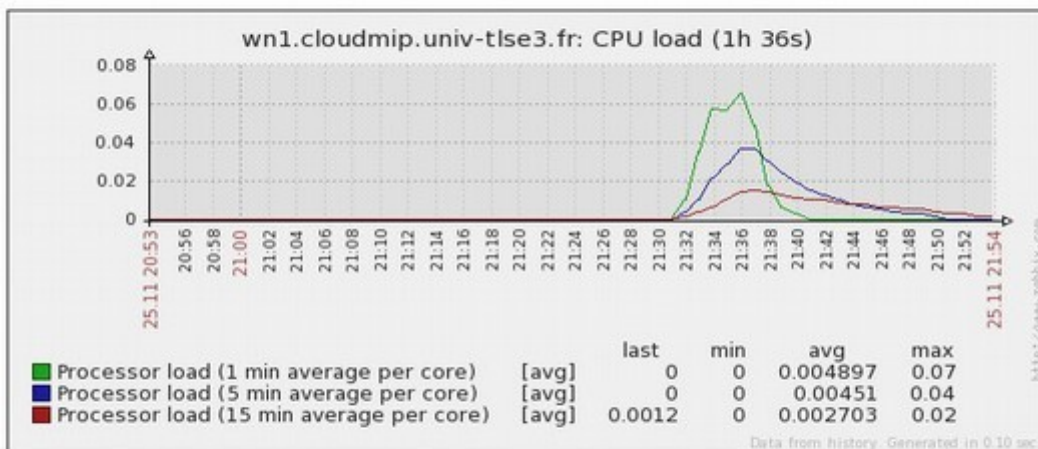
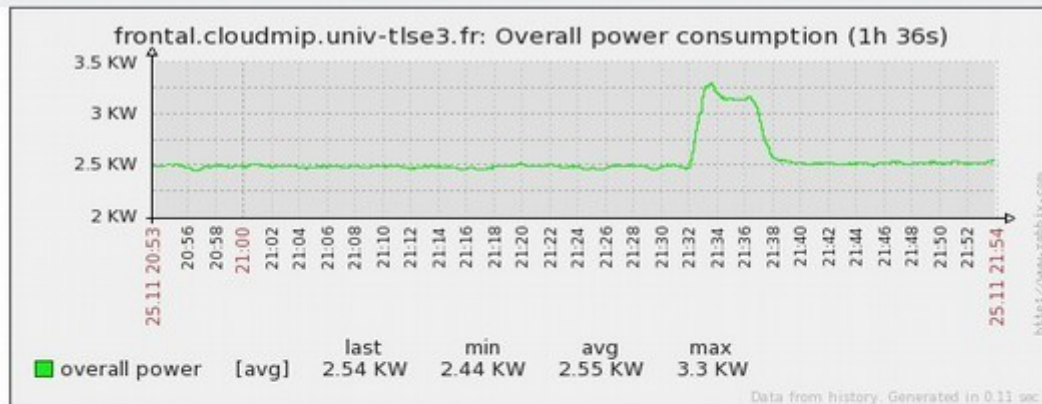
GreenIT: power metering

▶ Launching 248 VMs

```
#> onetemplate instantiate SL64 -m 248
```

=> leads to eight VMs on each of the 31 nodes, thus each VM using one physical CPU.

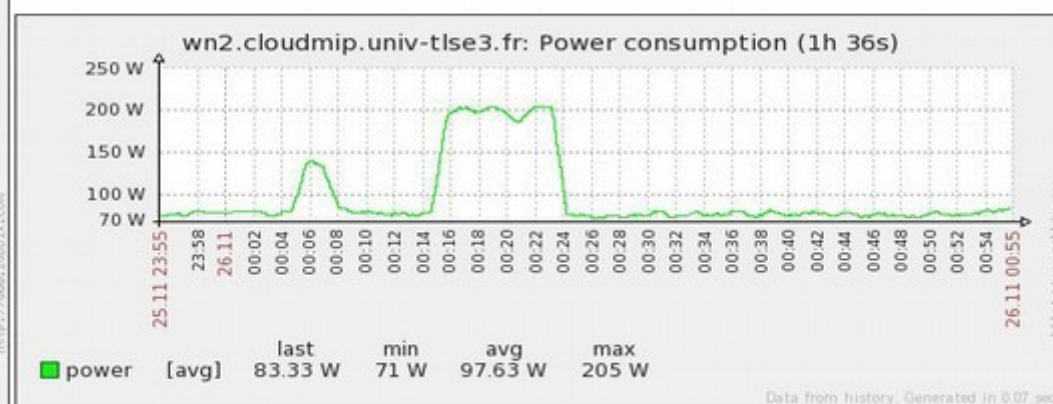
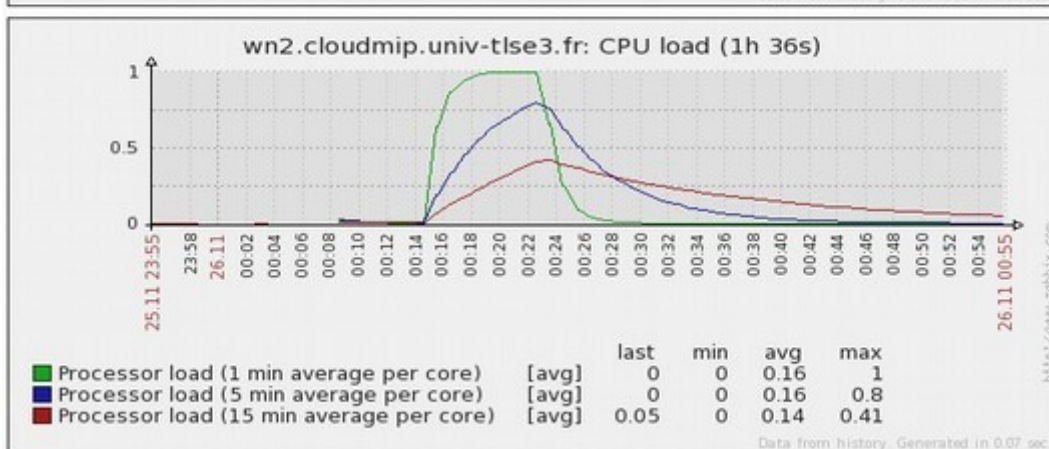
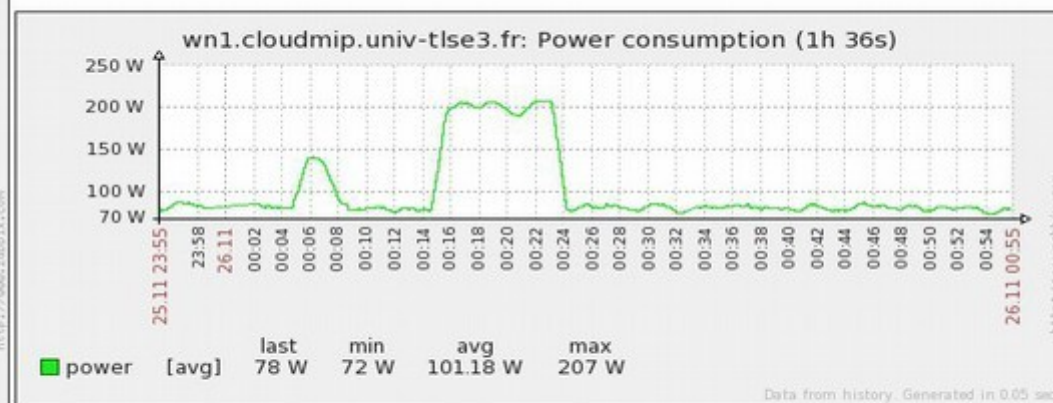
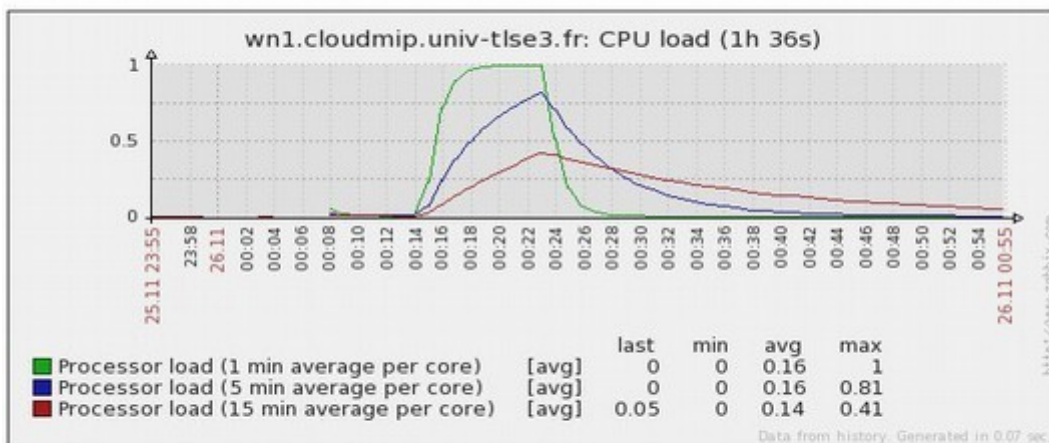
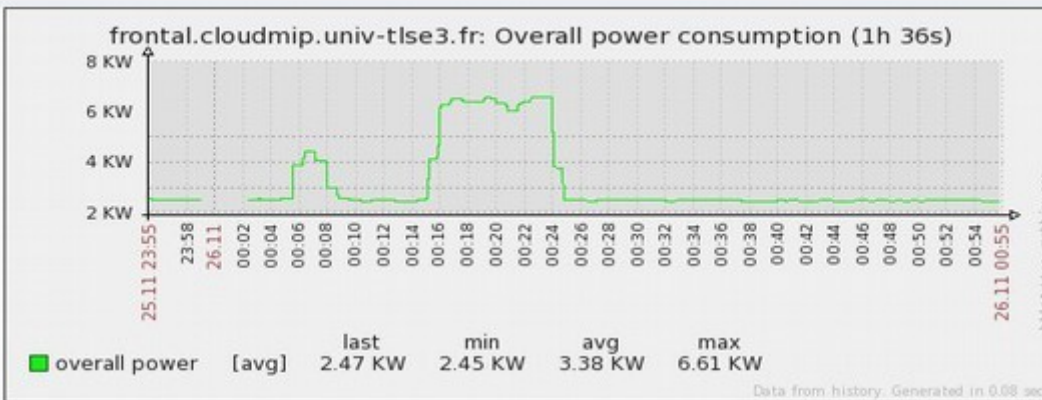
=> Max. power consumption is 3.3kw



▶ Launching stress test on all nodes

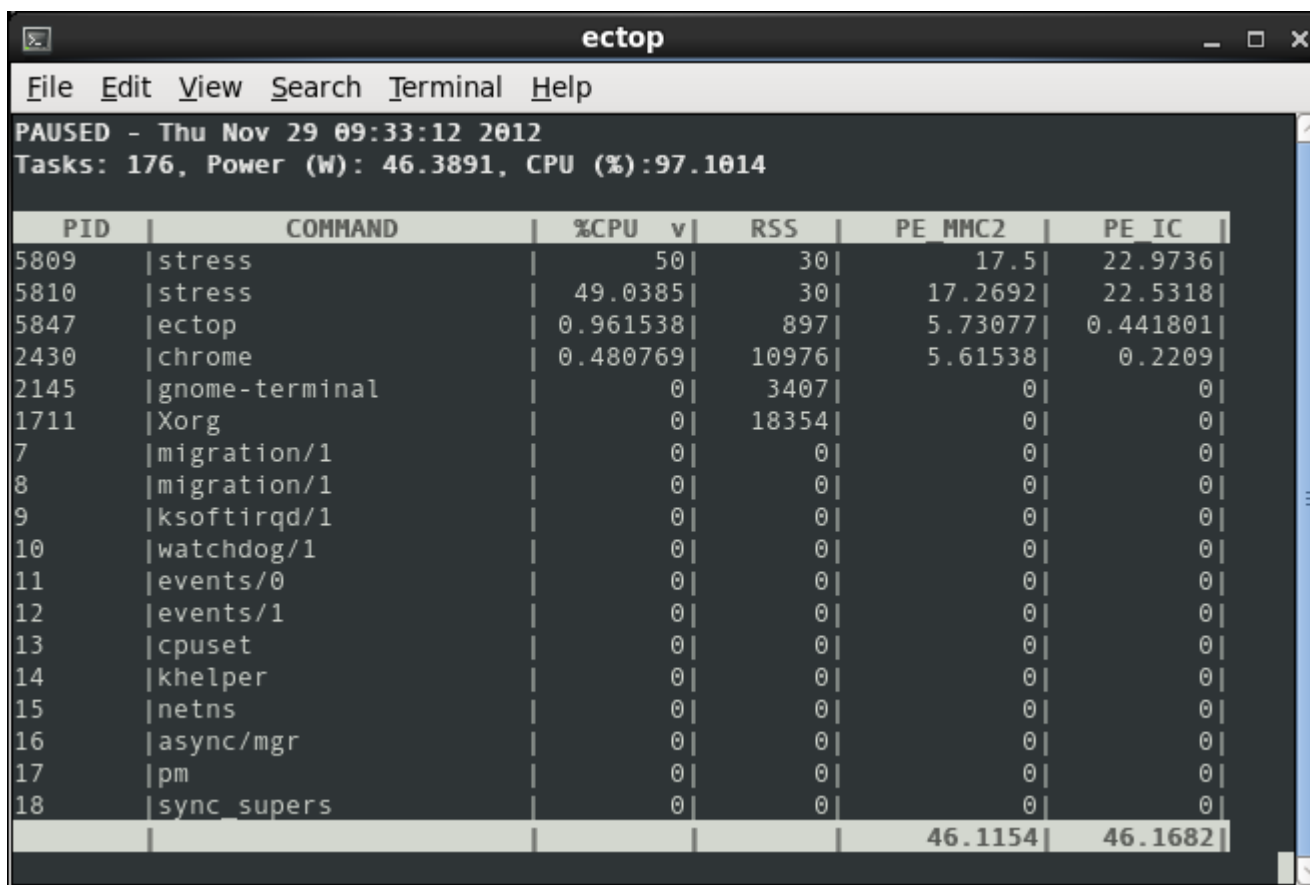
```
#> pdsh -w wn[1..32] -- openssl speed -multi 8
```

=> Peak power consumption is about 6.6kw



▶ ECTOP | processes power consumption

ECTop is available under GPL license at <https://github.com/cupertino/ectools>



The screenshot shows the 'ectop' application window. The title bar is 'ectop'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Search', 'Terminal', and 'Help'. The status bar at the top indicates 'PAUSED - Thu Nov 29 09:33:12 2012' and 'Tasks: 176, Power (W): 46.3891, CPU (%):97.1014'. The main display area shows a table of process power consumption data.

PID	COMMAND	%CPU	v	RSS	PE	MMC2	PE	IC
5809	stress	50		30		17.5		22.9736
5810	stress	49.0385		30		17.2692		22.5318
5847	ectop	0.961538		897		5.73077		0.441801
2430	chrome	0.480769		10976		5.61538		0.2209
2145	gnome-terminal	0		3407		0		0
1711	Xorg	0		18354		0		0
7	migration/1	0		0		0		0
8	migration/1	0		0		0		0
9	ksoftirqd/1	0		0		0		0
10	watchdog/1	0		0		0		0
11	events/0	0		0		0		0
12	events/1	0		0		0		0
13	cpuset	0		0		0		0
14	khelper	0		0		0		0
15	netns	0		0		0		0
16	async/mgr	0		0		0		0
17	pm	0		0		0		0
18	sync_supers	0		0		0		0
						46.1154		46.1682

▶ ECTOP* | processes power consumption (cont.)

Tool to estimate processes power consumption

Light weight**, several sensors (PerfCounters, CPU%, Memory, CPU temperature, ...) and wattmeters (ACPI, G5K PDUs, CloudMIP, RECS, ...).

Two estimators implemented

Inverse model (PE_IC): calibration with power meter

$$P^{PID} = \frac{P^{Node} \times CPU_{time}^{PID}}{CPU_{time}^{Node}}$$

Linear model (PE_MMC2):

$$P^{PID} = \frac{(P_{max}^{Node} - P_{min}^{Node}) \times CPU_{time}^{PID}}{CPU_{time}^{Node}} + \frac{P_{min}^{Node}}{procs}$$

** as low as Memory: 3Kb, CPU: 0.3%

KVM hypervisor ==> each VM is a process thus leading to a possible evaluation of the power consumption of each VM!

*ongoing researches from Leandro Fontoura Cupertino email:fontoura@irit.fr

► [Sepia team] ongoing researches in the GreenIT field | application to virtual machine

- Deciding where to place VM, and which resources to allocate to it,
- Deciding which VM to migrate, and when,
- Deciding when to switch off or on hosts,
- Deciding how to operate the hosts (e.g. frequency scaling).

Experiments on **RECS**
platform from the FP7
CoolEmAll project
<http://coolemall.eu>

- All this with criteria of energy consumption and performance.
- At runtime,
- At system level and middleware level.

Contacts: Jean-Marc Pierson, Patricia Stolf, Damien Borgetto, Tom Guerout, Saïful Islam ...
{pierson, stolf, borgetto, guerout, islam}@irit.fr

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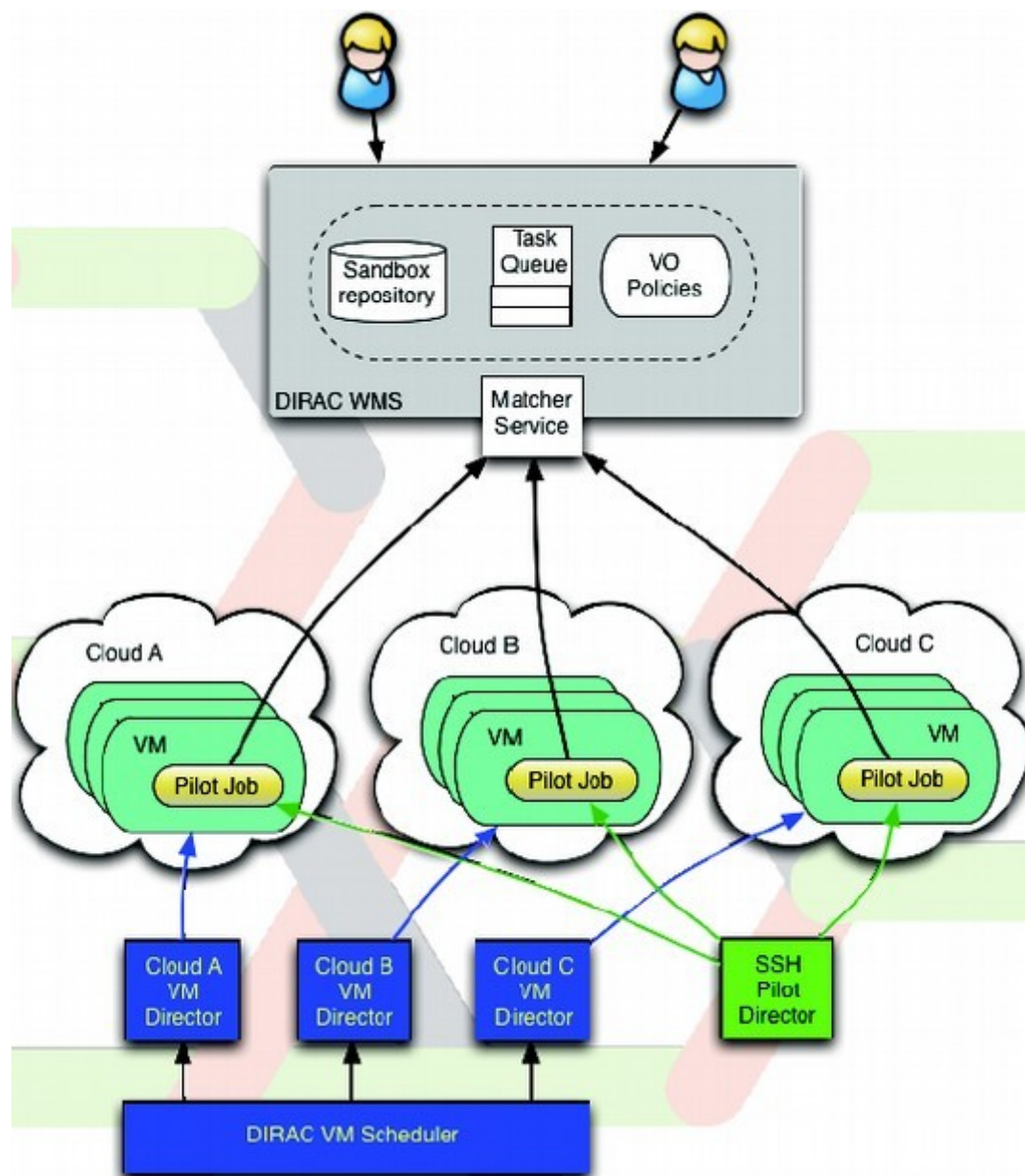
DIRAC is a framework for distributed computing written in Python and originally used for the BELLE experiment.

The VMDirac scheduler features:

- Dynamic VM spawning taking the Task Queue state into account,
- Discards VMs automatically when no more needed.

At the VMs side:

- User account and public key for SSH access,
- Internet-grade IPs (no private ones),
- At boot time, the VM start the “Pilot Job”,
- Contextualisation with .ISO image (OpenNebula – PIC), amiconfig (OpenStack –CC/IN2P3) and ad hoc image (CloudStack –USC),
- Start Job Agent and VM monitoring Agent.



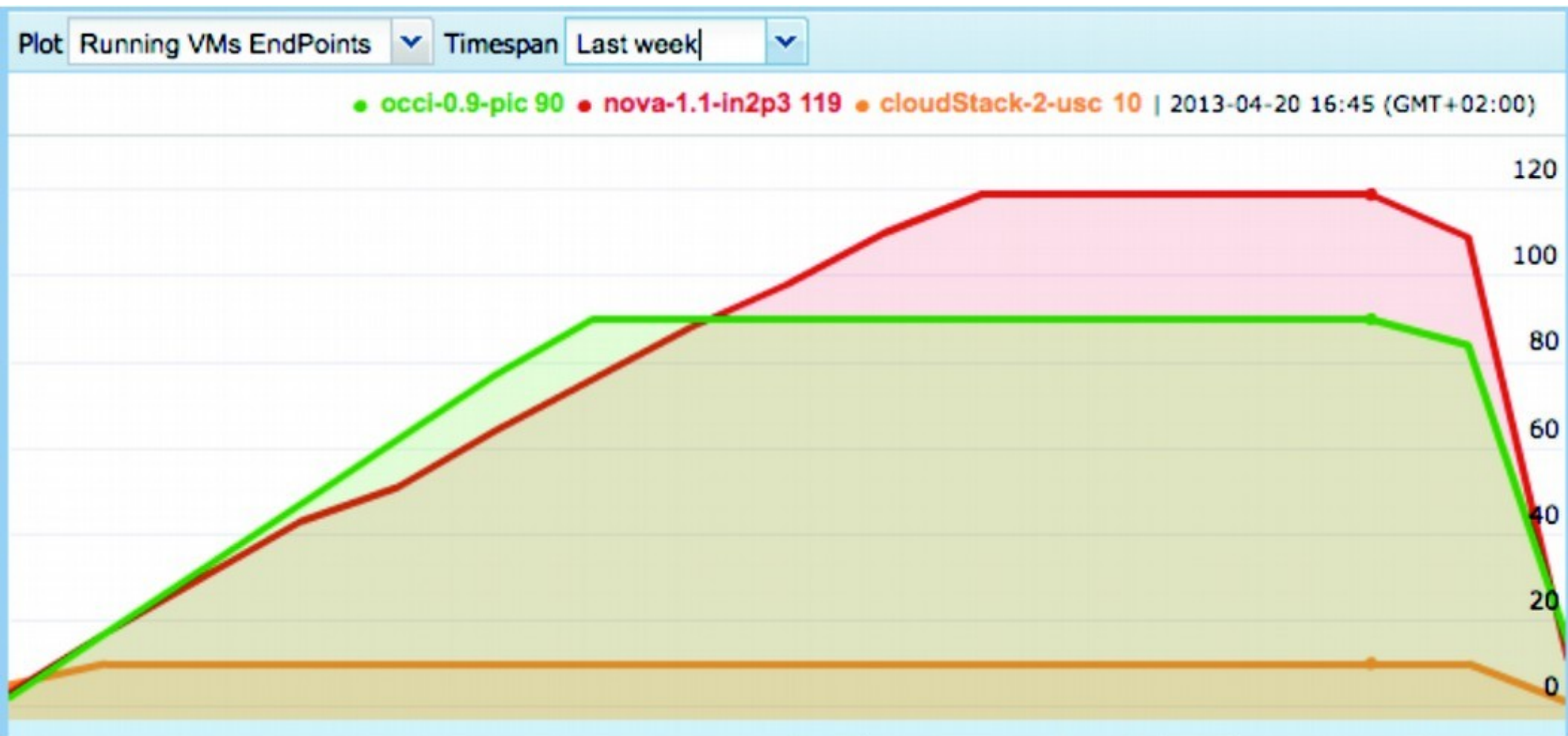
Work from Andrei Tsaregorodtsev (CPPM), Victor Mendez (PIC), Victor Fernandez (USC), Mathieu Puel (CC/IN2P3).

FG VMDirac (next)

Total 250 VM slots at 3 sites:

USC, PIC, CC/IN2P3 with 3 different cloud managers

1 virtual CPU, 2GB RAM ==> up to 219 simultaneous VMs achieved.



Work from Andrei Tsaregorodtsev (CPPM), Victor Mendez (PIC), Victor Fernandez (USC), Mathieu Puel (CC/IN2P3).

► [Dec. 14] France-Grille Cloud challenge call issued

[selected] A.Scemama (Irfamc) & G. Da Costa (Irit): **QMC**
ou Monté-Carlo Quantique appliqué à la chimie.

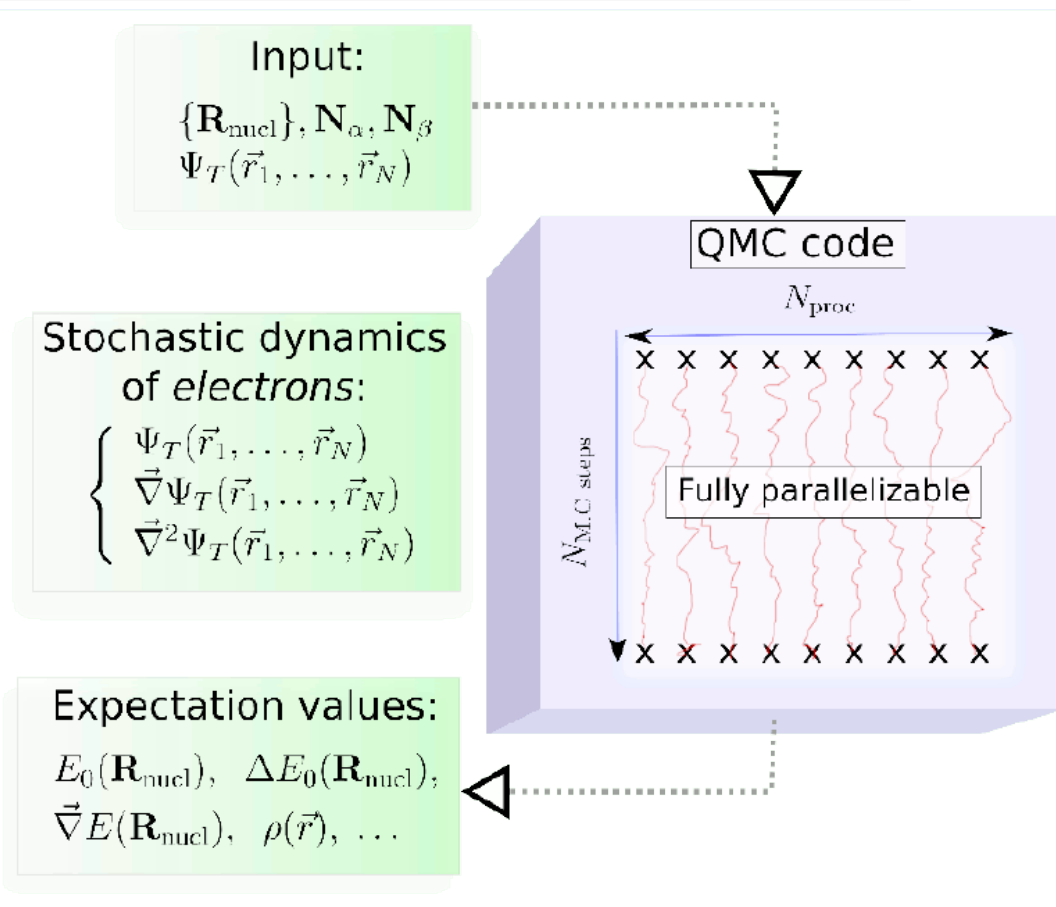
Quantum Monte Carlo (QMC) methods :

- require a small amount of memory (~100MB per core),
- Single core independent tasks. Communications are mandatory only at the initialization and the finalization stages,
- The initialization and finalization times don't depend on the length of the run,
- have a much better scaling than standard methods with the size of the chemical system but require a large amount of CPU time.



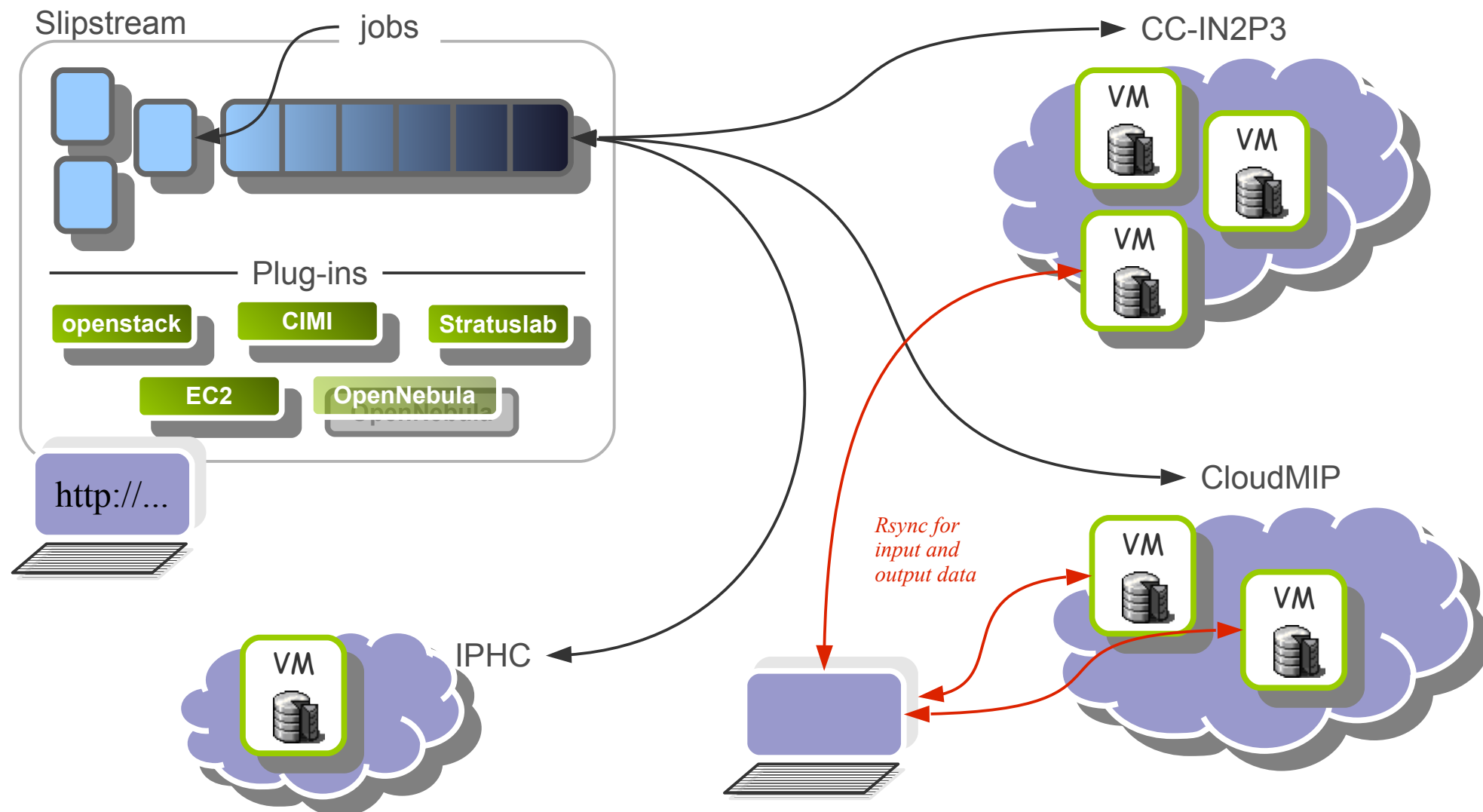
Welcome to the Cloud!

Anthony Scemama / IRFAMC – UPS Toulouse 3
Quantum Monte-Carlo applied to chemistry
<http://irpf90.ups-tlse.fr/files/sc11.pdf>



FG-Cloud challenge (cont.)

▶ FG Cloud challenge | architecture overview



▶ CloudMIP use case | alternate stuff

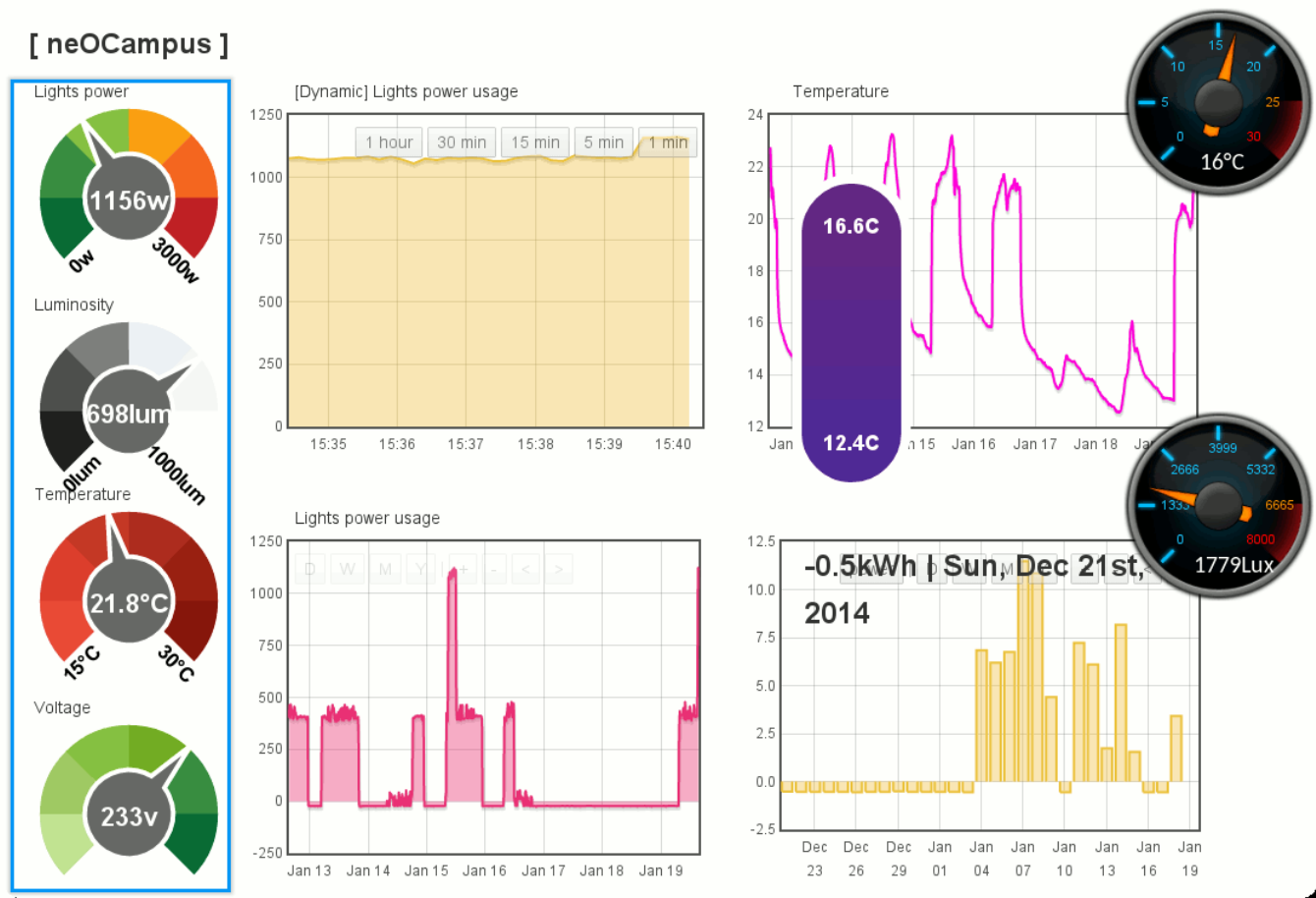
- neOCampus operation <http://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/neocampus/main>

Campus-wide intelligent ambient sensors / actuators (IoT)

- Virtual Arena (teach.)

- Inter-Cloud QOS
(Saragosse University)

- ...



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- Usage | FG-VMDirac, FG-Cloud challenge, others ...
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► European FP7 project that tackles Energy efficiency in Data Centers.

CoolEmAll testbed

- ★ PSNC (Pozan),
- ★ HLRS (Stuttgart),
- ★ IRIT (Toulouse).

CoolEmAll consortium

- PSNC,
- HLRS,
- IRIT,
- IREC,
- Christmann Gmbh,
- 451 Research Ltd,
- ATOS.



<http://www.coolmall.eu>

Facts and resources

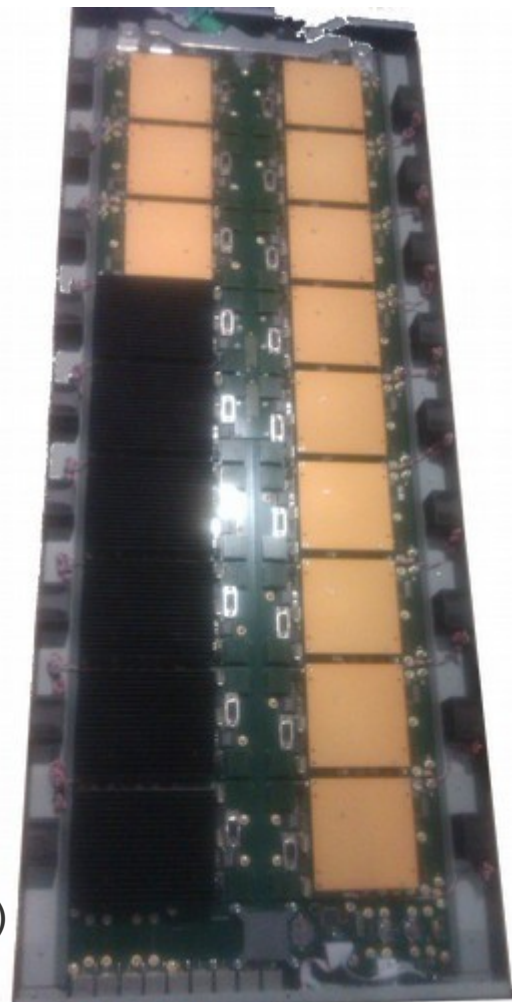
- European FP7 project CoolEmAll (Q4-2011 → Q1-2013),
- Who : Pr Jean-Marc Pierson (manager), Dr François Thiebolt,
- Location : IRIT's Data Center,
- Taskforce : 1 Dr-engineer,
- Status: **production**,



Hardware, system, middleware ...

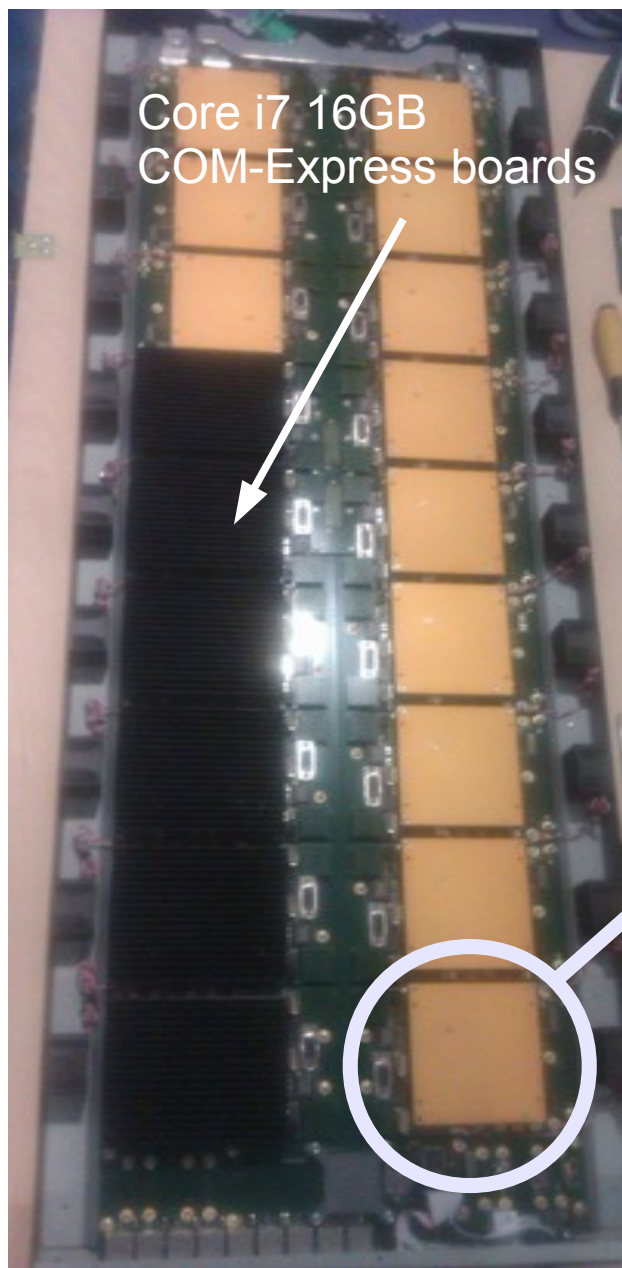
- 18 nodes in a 1U chassis (6 x i7/4cores/16GB + 12 x Atom/2cores/2GB)
- System : Scientific Linux 6.4 x86_64,
- **OpenNebula** 4.4.1 (Cloud-Init and spice support) with **KVM** hypervisor,
- **NFSRoot read-only** + per-nodes deltas → one single image,
- **Zabbix** monitoring,
- Extended **temperature** monitoring (Raspberry Pi + 12 sensors → Zabbix)

Christman's RECS 2.0



GreenIT : RECS platform

RECS2.0: up to 72 CPU with 288GB ram in 1U chassis!



GreenIT : RECS platform

... external 12v 1080w power supply connection detail



GreenIT : RECS platform

RECS : extreme density servers from Christmann Gmbh*

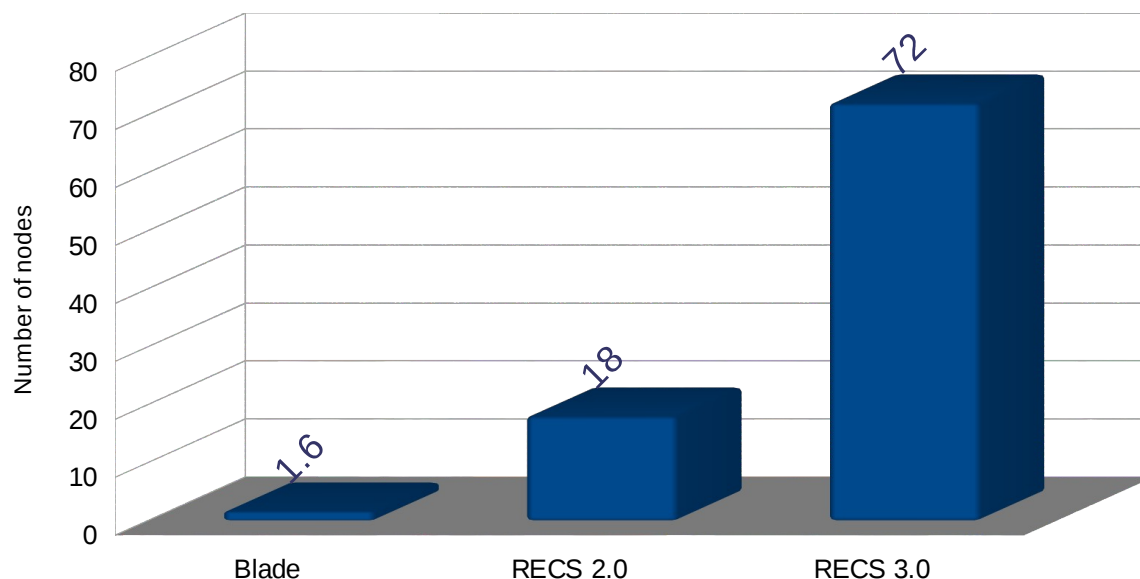
RECS 2.0 : upto 18 nodes* (Atom, i7, ARM ...) to fit in a standard 1U rack !

*COM-Express boards

And RECS 3.0 : upto 72 ULP-COM boards!



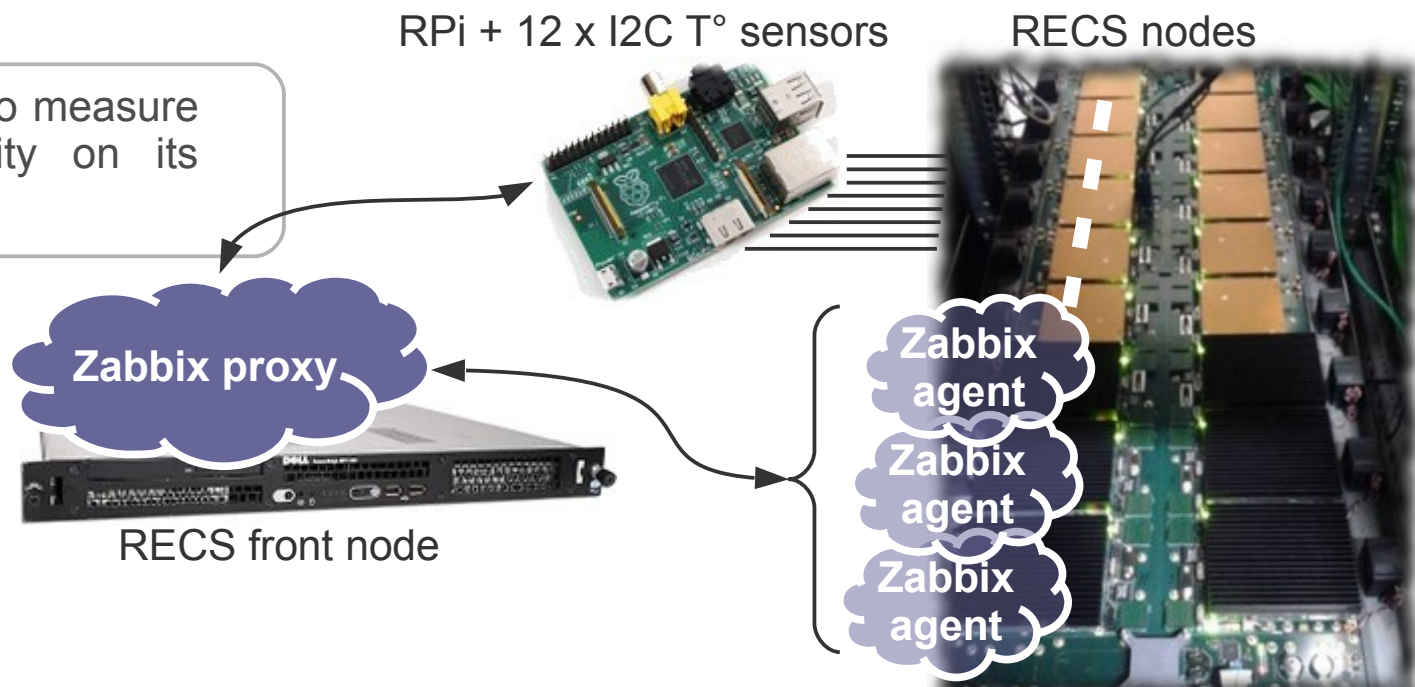
Server density : node(s) per 1U



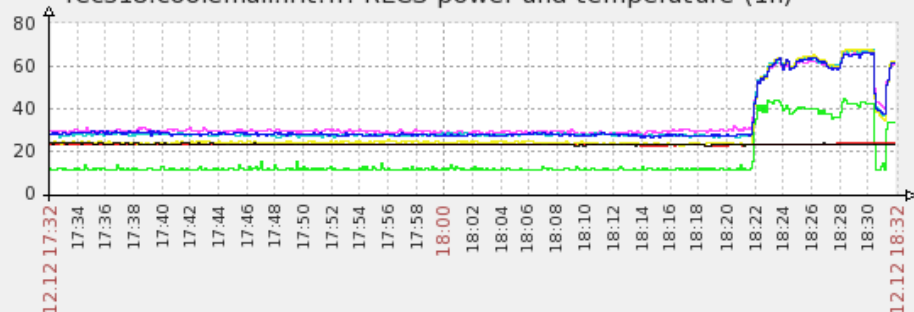
*<http://www.christmann.info/> Member of the CoolEmAll project (FP7)

RECS temperature monitoring

Added temperature sensors to measure impact of one node activity on its neighbours.



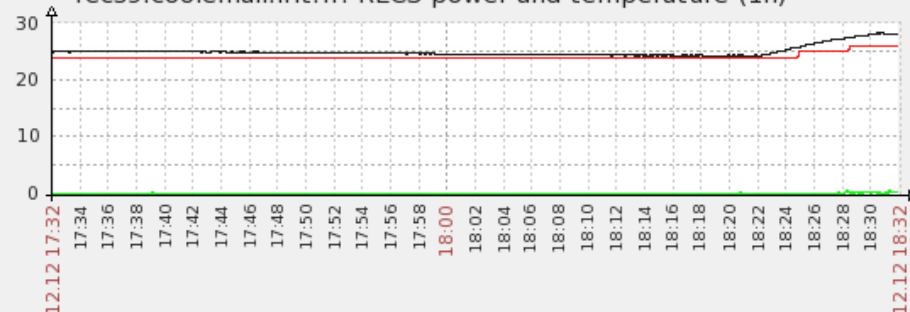
recs18.coolmall.irit.fr: RECS power and temperature (1h)



		last	min	avg	max
power	[avg]	33 W	10 W	15.55 W	45 W
temperature	[avg]	24 °C	22 °C	22.98 °C	24 °C
CPU core 1 temp	[avg]	60.2 °C	26 °C	34 °C	68 °C
CPU core 2 temp	[avg]	61 °C	25 °C	32.66 °C	68 °C
CPU core 3 temp	[avg]	62 °C	21 °C	29.61 °C	69 °C
CPU core 4 temp	[avg]	61 °C	25 °C	32.73 °C	67 °C
ext_temperature	[avg]	23.03 °C	22.33 °C	22.82 °C	23.59 °C

Data from history. Generated in 1.20 sec.

recs9.coolmall.irit.fr: RECS power and temperature (1h)



		last	min	avg	max
power	[avg]	0.25 W	0 W	0.01 W	1 W
temperature	[avg]	26 °C	24 °C	24.16 °C	26 °C
CPU core 1 temp	[no data]				
CPU core 2 temp	[no data]				
CPU core 3 temp	[no data]				
CPU core 4 temp	[no data]				
ext_temperature	[avg]	28.12 °C	24.13 °C	24.94 °C	28.24 °C

Data from history. Generated in 0.52 sec.

RECS 3.0

Up to 72 x ULP-COM* modules per 1U rack!

● E.g. 72 x Apalis T30 (Tegra 3 – 4 x ARM9, 2GB DRR3) ==> **288** cores / 1U!

**now standardized as SMARC format.*



Cebit 2013 - <http://www.silicon.de/41580841/cebit-christman-packt-72-arm-server-in-ein-u/>

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What's next ?

▶ [CloudMIP] ongoing work ...

- Move to CentOS7 and OpenStack,
- Test for NFSROOT + deltas on hosts,
- Aggregate unused nodes' storage to a shared FS (Ceph, glusterFS ...),
- Setup a Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI),
- Integreate VM power consumption to OpenStack,
- ...

Questions ?



Want to collaborate with France-Grilles ? <http://www.france-grilles.fr/>
To benefit from our expertise, to access powerful platforms and to share yours in innovative academic / business workflows!

The END

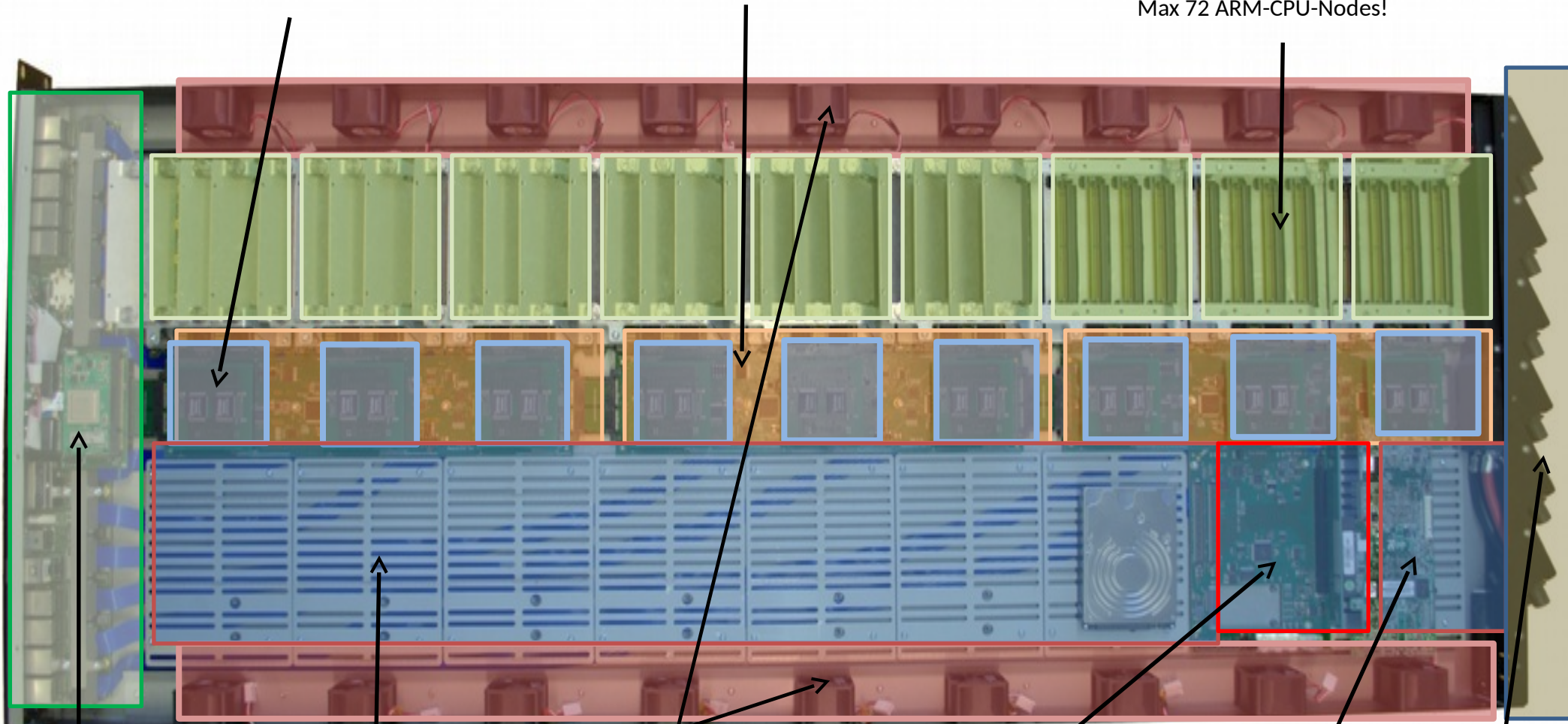
END

RECS[®] | Box Compute Unit 3.0 (Codename Arneb)

Netboard for two
Baseboards. 1/10 GbE

Backplane
Each for 6 Baseboards
and 3 Netboards

Baseboard ARM
Each up to 4 ARM-CPU-Nodes
like Apalis T30 from Toradex.
Max 72 ARM-CPU-Nodes!



Frontpanel

Empty Space. Can be used for
Baseboards or Expansion like
HDD, GPU-Cards etc.

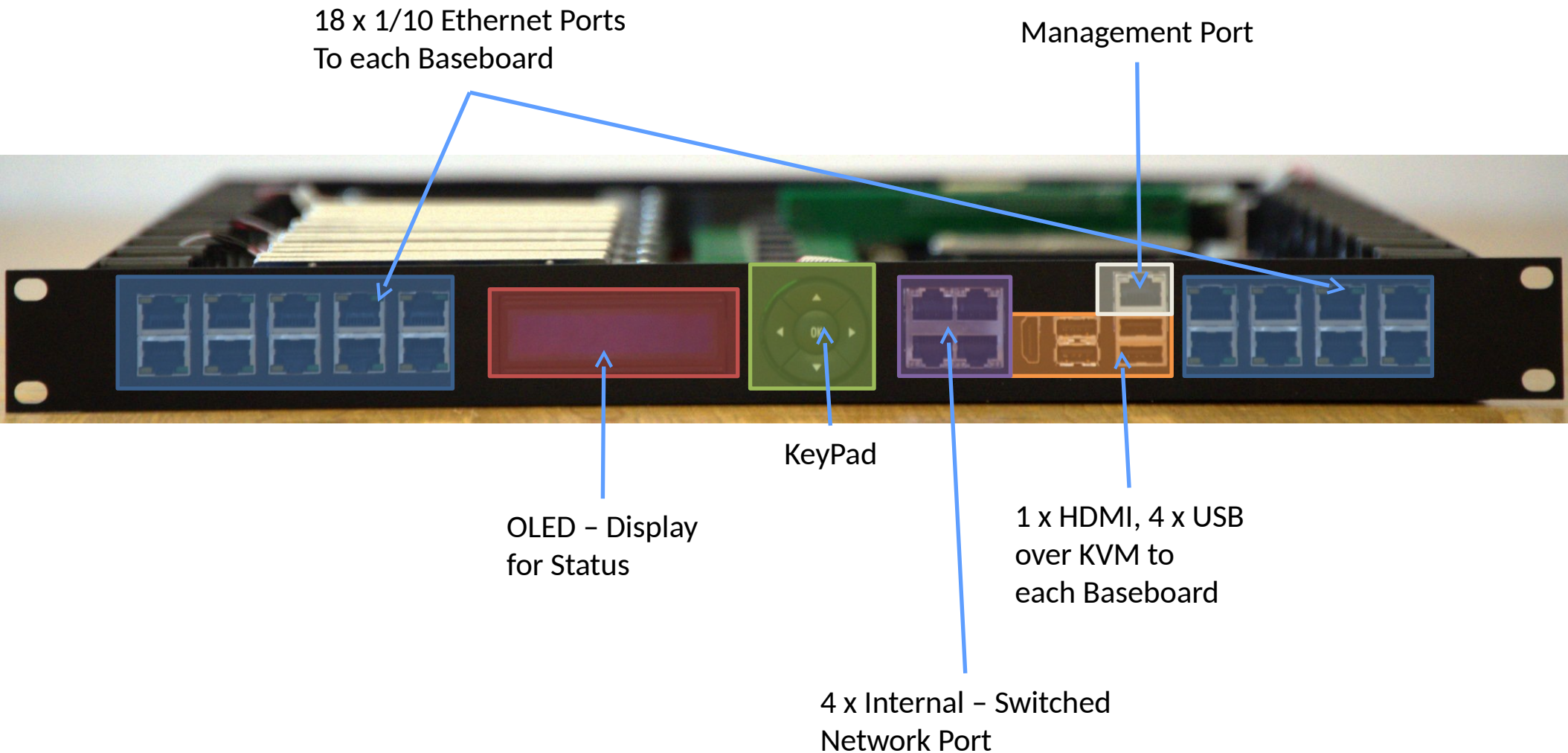
2 x 9 Fans
For side-ventilation

Baseboard Com Express Typ 6
Each for one x86 Node.
Supports: 2x SATA, 1x mSATA,
1x PCI over Risercard

PCI-Express
Expansion Slot
(e.g. Nvidia Tesla)

Up to 9
Power
connectors

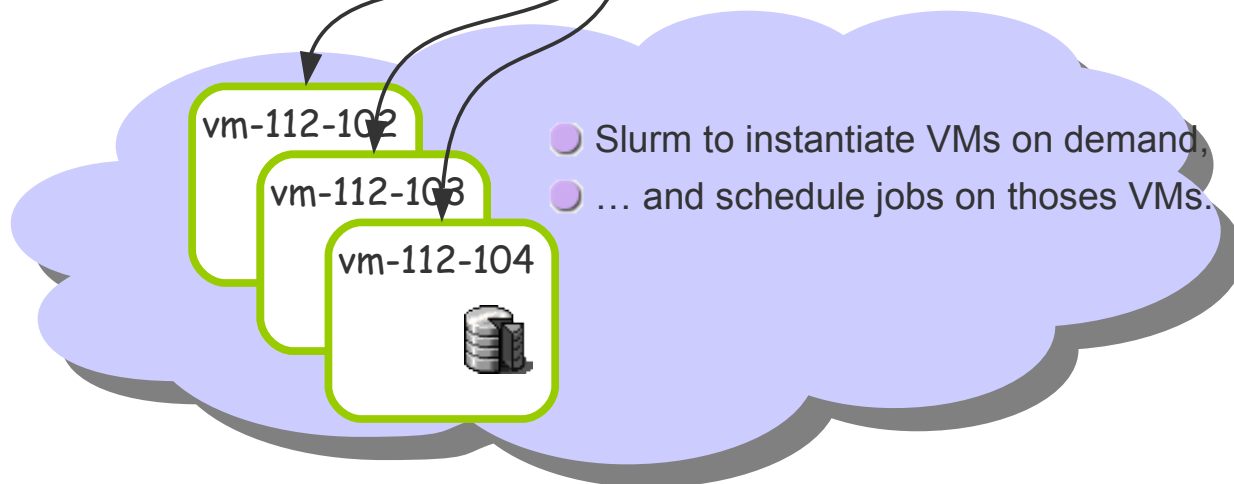
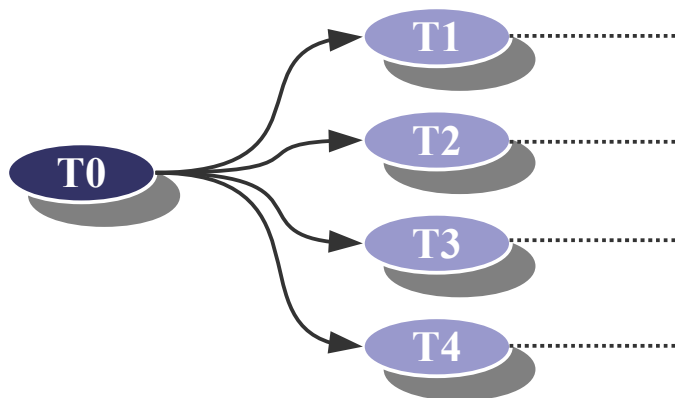
RECS® | Box Compute Unit 3.0 (Codename Arneb)



... a bit further ...

▶ Offloading embarrassingly parallel workload from the Hyperion supercomputer to CloudMIP.

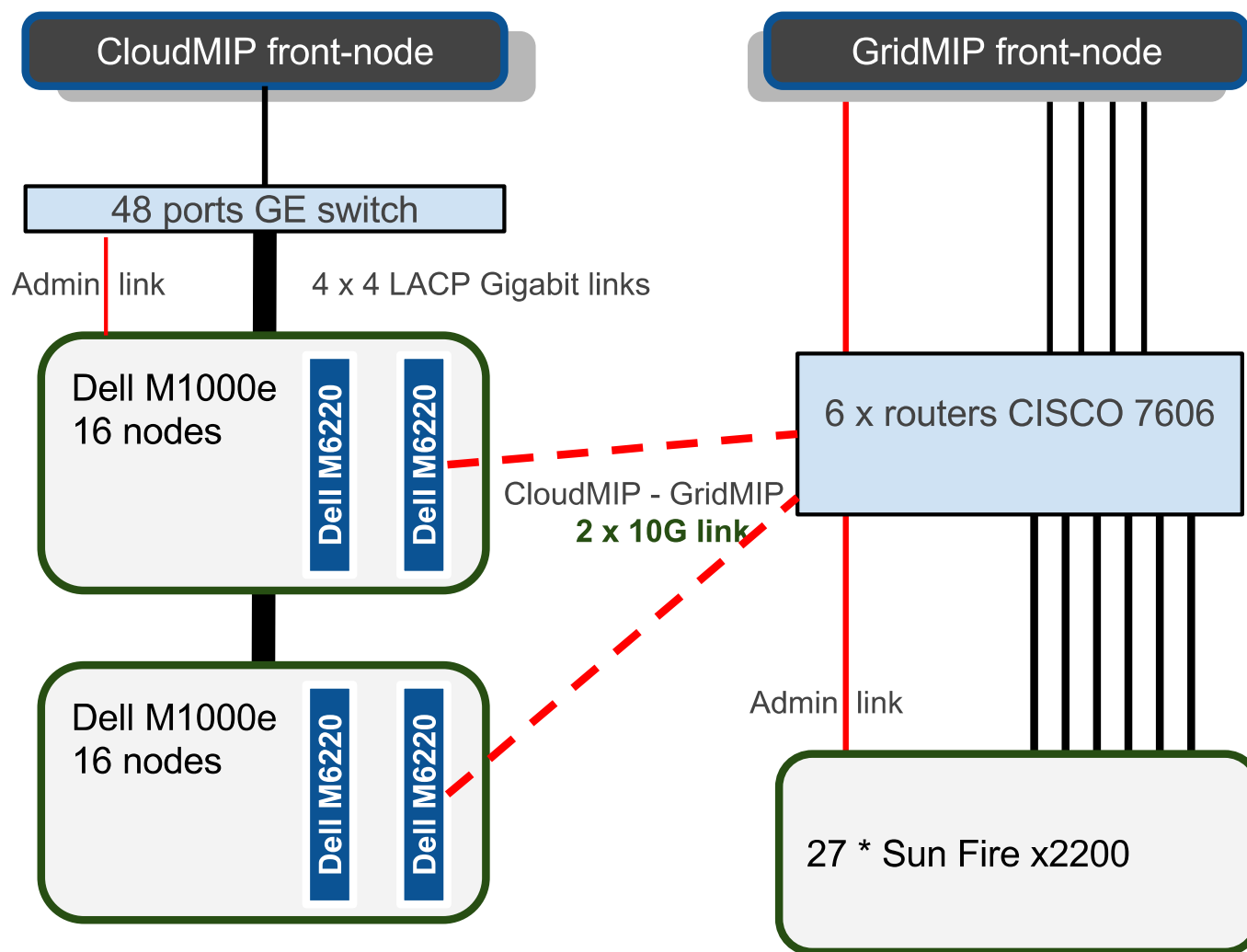
● CALMIP supercomputer Hyperion



- Slurm to instantiate VMs on demand,
- ... and schedule jobs on thoses VMs.

GridMIP (network experiments platform) and CloudMIP **interconnect**

- 2 x 10G links on both GridMIP and CloudMIP backbones (est.cost in on way).



Near future ...

- Ectop : the per-process power consumption accounting (Leandro's work),
- Ectop calibration and integration in CloudMIP,
- Availability of a per-VM power metering through Zabbix,
- Integration of the per-VM power metering in Sunstone (OpenNebula GUI)
→ enables a per-user view of VMs along with their power consumption,
- VM power metering data availability in an Inter-Cloud configuration ?

Various improvements, new features etc ...

- **[High]** Cloud-Init (contextualisation) and CIMI api (DMTF VM mgt.) tests,
- **[High]** Improve platform visibility through the Wiki,
- **[Important]** to broaden the range of users,
- Improve Zabbix responsiveness through a migration from apache to nginx,
- Enable VNC direct connection to VMs through Sunstone,
- Add template-based SPICE connexion to a VM (re. IPtables hooks in ONE),
- Add template-based Public IP redirect to a VM,
- Activate VOMS authentication (Inter-Cloud France-Grilles),
- VMDirac plug-ins integration to OpenNebula,
- **[Low]** Upgrade to new SL65.